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Trustworthy Commodity Computing and Communications Research in the design of secure integrated core architectures for trustworthy operation of mobile computing devices

## Including:

Security-aware Processor and Hardware Secure Operating System Kernel Secure Network Protocols.

Identification of Security Needs from a user's perspective.

Robust and Resilient Architecture surviving attacks.

# Secure Architectural Features

clean-slate possibilities

enhance existing systems

2-Pronged approach

For resource-constrained, ubiquitous computing platforms exemplified by secure embedded systems and mobile PDAs

# Comparison to state of the art

### Current approach:

New approach:

- add-on, optional or peripheral security and software "patch and pray"
- software solutions above an insecure O.S. and processor core; networking entirely separate design
- suffering performance, cost and usability to achieve security
- clean-slate design of core security: builtin default mode of operation is secure

• hardware-software-networking security at the core of every commodity computing and communications device

 security without compromising performance, cost and usability

The SecureCore Processor and Hardware Platform provide minimalist hardware security enablers and enforcers that are essential for secure O.S. and Networking functions. It also provides the basis for trustworthiness from a user's perspective, such as:

#### User-Centric Security Features:

• Protection for sensitive or secret information stored locally or remotely and accessed through public networks via multiple devices

- Protection from information leakage
- Protection from Internet-scale epidemics such as viruses, worms, DDoS
- Protection from adversarial control or use of device through software vulnerabilities
- Cryptographic protection without sacrificing performance or adaptability

• Provide secure ad-hoc networking for continuous communication among portable devices

Example Processor/Platform Architecture:

• "Secret Protected" SP-processor and trusted I/O: HW to protect critical master keys, secure entry of user master-key and concealed execution mode

- Architecture to minimize covert channels
- Containment architecture; least privilege and authorization; runtime HW monitoring
- Processor defenses and safety net for software security vulnerabilities that slip through static checks
- "No-overhead" crypto with flexible novel processor Instruction Set Architecture or very fast, low-cost HW

• Clean-slate light-weight protocol stack for secure management of connectivity, mobility, key, and radio resources



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